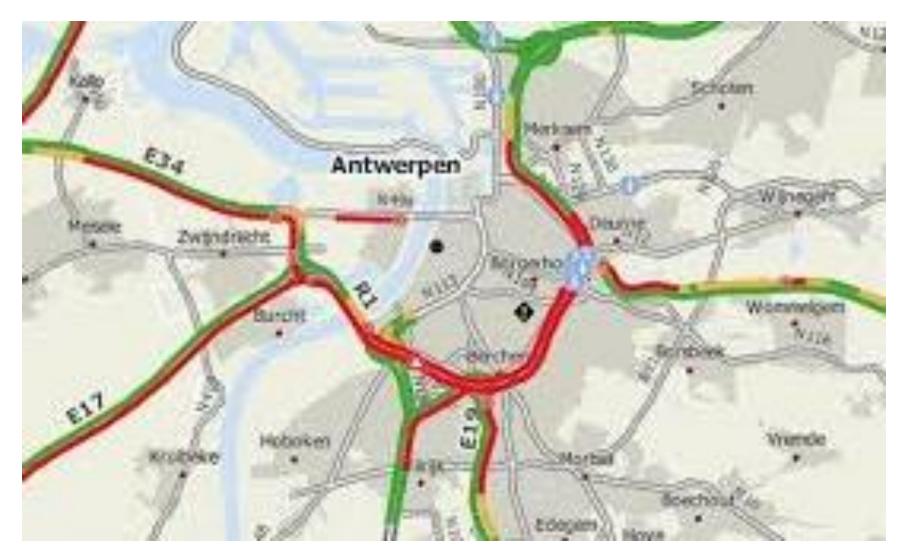
The decree on complicated infrastructure projects. How Flanders (tries) to deal with sensitive or contested infrastructure projects

Governor Cathy Berx Province of Antwerp

AERTE Days Lyon 31st of May 2018

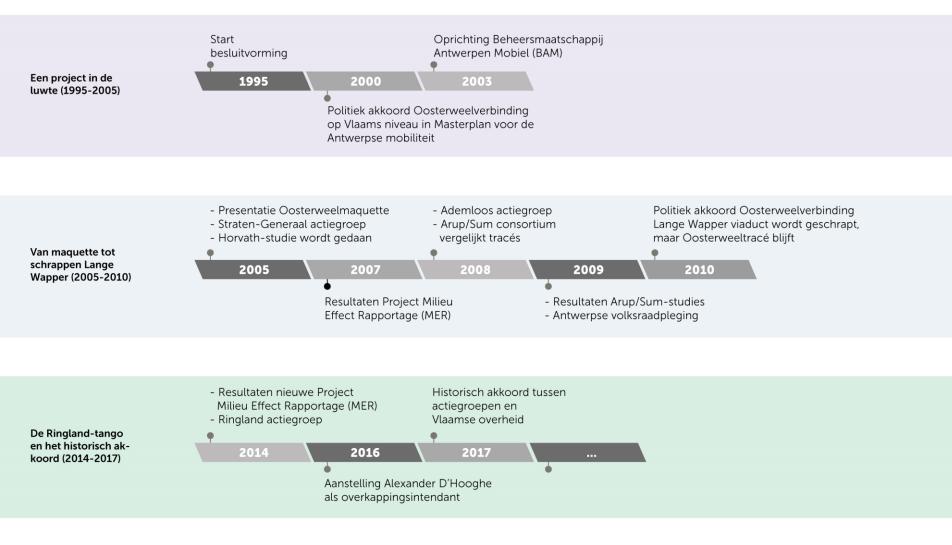




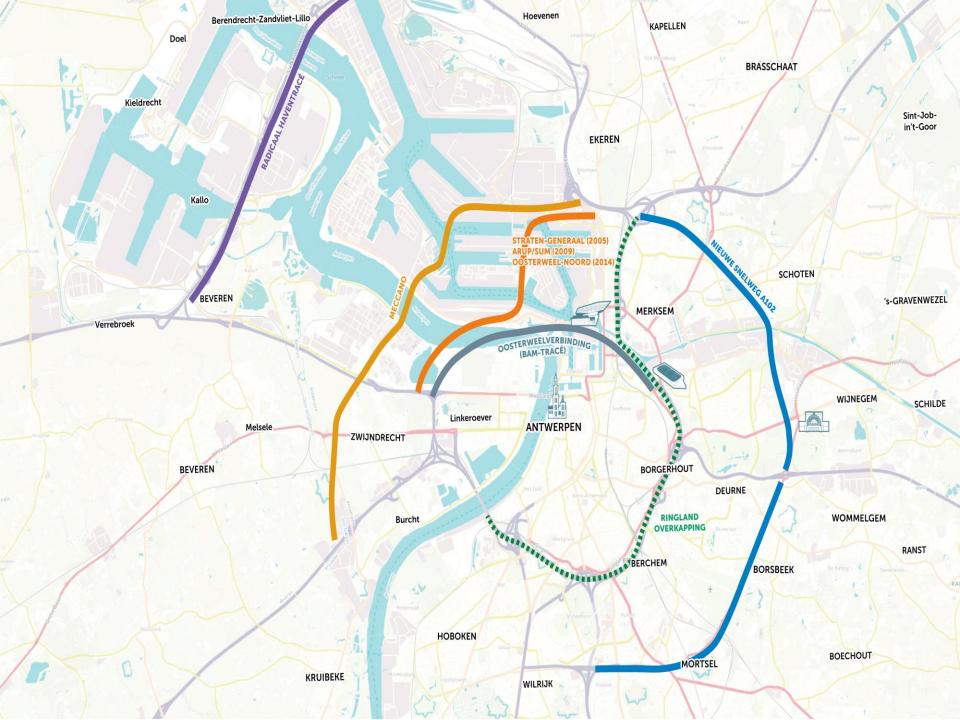


'Ring' off Antwerp. Congestions cause a traffic 'heart attack'









Initial Plan proposal (2005)

The so called **'Oosterweel'-or 'BAM tracé'** with a.o. **2 main** highlights:

 $1.\ \mbox{A}$ tunnel under the river Scheldt

2. An open 'Lange Wapper-bridge' across the docklands

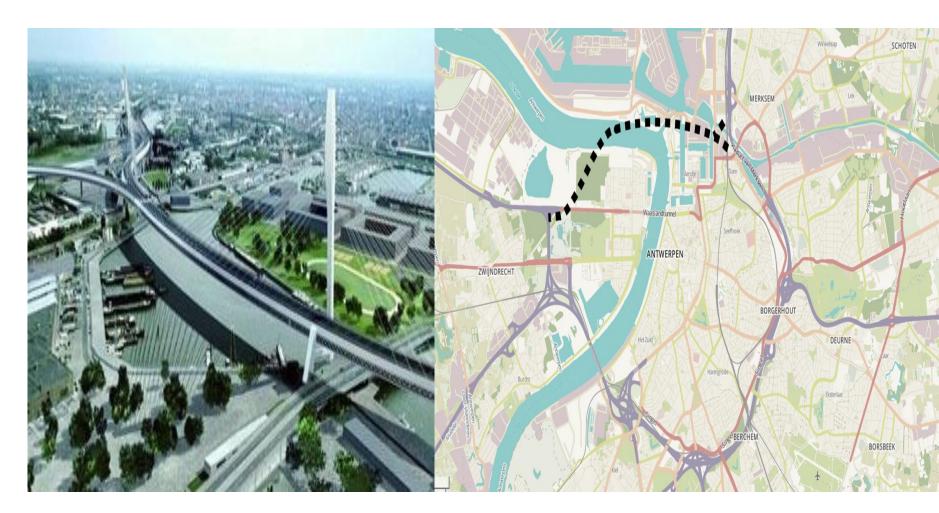
→The Oostweeltracé and so called junction → a third intersection to cross the river Scheldt rounding up entirely the Antwerp Ring

→ Preliminary studies such as EIA (Environmental Impact Analysis on the planlevel) already approved `below the radar'.

➔ Contract on the design sign off signed with a private consortium with a value of 3 bn EURO



Initial proposal BAM





Massive social protest

Actiongroups (StRaten-Generaal, Ademloos and Ringland) formulate alternatives and obtain massive social support

Their concerns:

- **1. City development**: Oosterweel is a scar that will ruin Antwerp and its future development
- 2. Air pollution: people will suffocate, get sick and die an early death
- **3. Quality of life:** avoid traffic to close to the city. A city is built for people to enjoy life. They need open and green space, no extra traffic.

ACTIONS

- **1.** Successful canalization of social frustration
- 2. A critical referendum/public consultation round on the 18th of October 2009: 58% NO, 40% Yes
- **3.** Procedures at the Council of State



Massive social protest



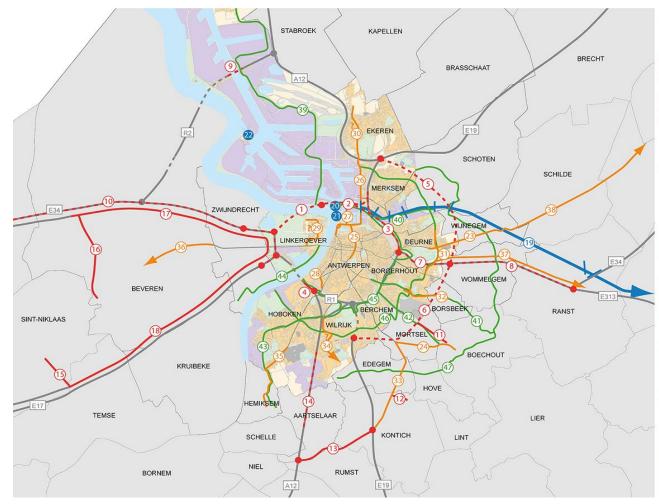


Proposed alternatives





Governmental reaction: (unilateral)adjusted plans. Master Plan Mobility 2020 for Antwerp (2010) reaffirmed in 2014: bridge skipped, extra infrastructure and focus on modal shift: public transport, bikelanes, waterway)



Vlaanderen

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Provincie Antwerper

Wegenwerken Sluiting van de R1 via Oosterweelverbinding met Scheldetunnel (1) Kanaaltunnels (2) Viaduct Merksem verdwijnt (3) Herinrichting spaghettiknoop (4) Aanleg A102 onder het maaiveld (5) Vertunneling R11 (6) Herinrichting E313/E34 met Spitsstrook tussen Antwerpen en Ranst (7) Extra rijstrook tussen Ranst en Wommelgem (8) Verbeteringen R2-Thijsmanstunnel (9) Ombouw expressweg N49 tot snelweg (10) Heraanleg R4 te Gent (niet op kaart) Ingrepen in de zuidoostrand Verbinding N10-R11 (11) Verbinding N171-N1 (12) Verbinding N171 (13) Verbetering aansluitingscomplexen N177-A12 (14) Ingrepen in het Waasland Aanleg tangent E17-N70 (15) Aanleg tangent N70-E34 (16) Aanleg parallelweg langs E34 (17) Aanleg parallelweg langs E17 (18)

Vervoer over het water Aanpassen bruggen Albertkanaal Antwerpen-Meerhout (19) Renovatie Royerssluis (20) Renovatie Kantendijksluis (21) Renovatie Van Cauwelaertsluis (22)

Extra openbaar vervoer Tramlijn Deurne - Wijnegem (23) Tramlijn Mortsel - Boechout (24) Tramlijn en heraanleg Leien en Operaplein (25) Tramlijn tot Ekeren (26) Tramlijn ontsluiting van het Eilandje (27) Tramlijn ontsluiting Nieuw Zuid (28) Tramlijn ontsluiting Linkeroever-Noord (29) Tramlijn tot Leugenberg (30) Tramlijn Wommelgem (31) Tramlijn Borsbeek (32) Tramlijn Kontich (33) Tramlijn Wilrijk (34) Tramlijn Hemiksem (35) Tramlijn Beveren (36) Tramlijn Ranst (37) Lightrail Oostmalle (38)

Extra fietspaden

Havenroute (39) Albertkanaal (40) Berchem-Bosbeek-Vremde (41) Spoorlijn Lier-Antwerpen (42) Hoboken-Hemiksem (43) Beatrijslaan-Burcht (44) Ringfietspad (45) Districtenroute (46) Gordel randemeenten (47)



In search of a solution to accelerate complex and sensitive infrastructure projects... The Commission Berx

Commission Berx (November 2009-February 2010)

Why can't strategic infrastructure-projects of immense public interest hardly be realized in Flanders?

A. Assignment:

- 1. Analyse the causes of the structural complexity and delay in the decision-making processes from start to realisation of public (and private) strategic infrastructure projects
- 2. Development specific proposals for the improvement of the decision-making processes and procedures from a broad perspective

B. Defined/presumed problem:

- 1. Long duration and/or a lack of clear intermediate decision-making lead to:
 - **a.** Loss of quality **b.** Rising costs
- 2. Systematic lack of and/or vulnerability of 'public support' and/or 'social consensus'
- 3. Lack of balance between public and private interests: should and how jurisdictional procedures be reformed, to restore that balance?







The Commission Berx: approach

C. Working method:

- 1. Call for proper expectations
- 2. A balanced approach on several fronts
- 3. Analysis of some specific projects
- 4. Elaboration of a refined problem analysis
- 5. Examination of foreign reports and legislation
- 6. Proposals from administration and civil society organisations

D. Structure of the report :

Chapter I: Introduction	Chapter IV: Set quick wins short-term realisation
Chapter II: Refined problem analysis	Chapter V: Wide range of recommandations
Chapter III: General observations	Chapter VI: Paradigm shift for law enforcement
Chapter 7: Summary conclusions	







The Commission Berx: proposals for new process and procedure (1)

Mental shift:

Participation and co-creation from the start until the realisation and exploitation of (new) infrastructure

A. Invest in an open, informal exploratory prephase

- Early (not definite) detection of all (possible) stakeholders
- Shared definition of the societal problem and/or opportunities (traffic heart attack ←→ quality of life, clean air, health and city development)
- Out of the box exploration of all solution alternatives without exclusives, taboos or 'determined favorites'
- Accept and embrace knowledge, insights...from civil society
- Remain honest and open and communicate in a veritable way

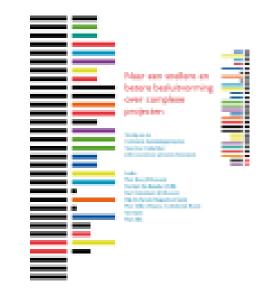
Vlaanderen

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The Commission Berx: proposals for new process and procedures (bis)

B. Integrated formal procedure

> **Draft preference decision** concludes the informal phase

- > Plan Environment Impact Analysis
- Formal public investigation

Preference decision

- Possibility of public consultation
- Judicial control



The Commission Berx: proposals for new administrative processes and procedures (bis)

> Further elaboration of the project

> Integrated project Environmental Impact Analysis and special implementation plan

Public consultation

Environmental permit (including expropriation permit, forest/nature compensation...)

Mitigation measures (noise barriers, buffers, ...)Judicial control

> Realisation



The Commission Berx: preconditions

A. Performant project management:

- > Mandated person with qualities in the area of **process management**
- Involvement of professional forms of `mediation'
- **B.** Solution oriented inter- and intra administrative cooperation:
- > No compartmentalisation
- Stimulate endeavour to find a solution, creativity and collaboration between public service staff
- Abolition of binding opinions and other forms of unilateral decision-making power
- > Integrated advice procedures and/or advices
- > Efficient and constructive collaboration between different levels of government



The Commission Berx

Paradigm shift for law enforcement

- A. Solution-oriented procedures for administrative judges
- B. Timely restoration of procedural and formal errors
- C. Extension 'ruling competences' for administrative judges

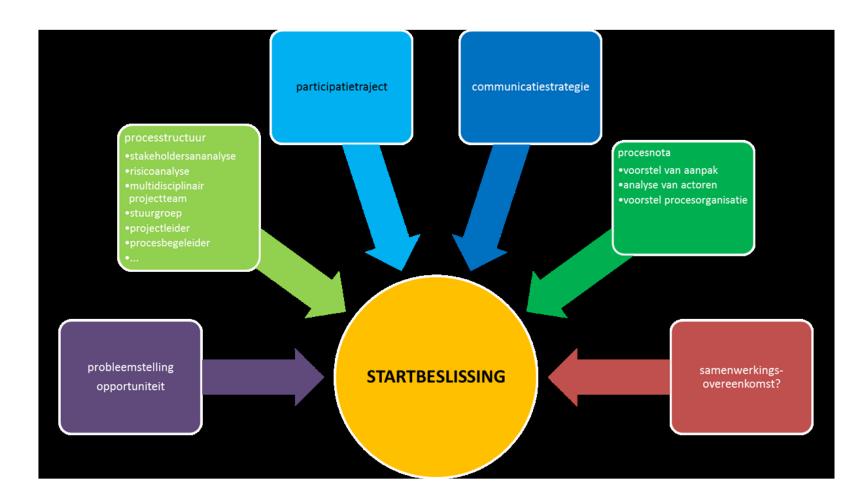


Process complex projects





Exploration phase





Research phase

- Integrated, well-thought consideration of alternatives on strategic level:
- □ Environmental research
- □ Financial-economic
- Spatial fitting-in with the landscape
- Design research
- $\hfill\square$ And others
- Preference decision
 Establishment from chosen
 alternative at the strategic level
- Possibility of appeal: Council of State
- Legal consequences: f.e. building restriction

Alternatives research report

Consultation

Integrated research

Synthetic report

Draft preference decision

Public inquiry

Preference decision

Announcement



Design phase

 Further concretisation to achievable project
 Focus shifts from strategic to project level

Project decision

Establishment from chosen alternative on implementation level

- Permits
- Authorisations
- Reclassification/ Change in the designated use
- Management and monitoring
- Action program
- □ Legal consequences
- Possibility of appeal: Council of State

Project research report

Integrated research

Synthetic report

Draft project decision

Public inquiry

Project decision

Announcement



Implementation phase

Project implementation and monitoring, evalution of the predicted effects



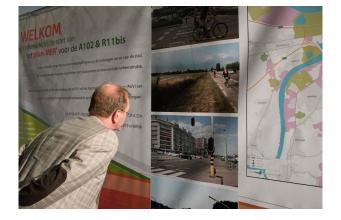
Application of the principles of the Commission Berx to the complex infrastructure and mobility project in the Antwerp area...

Practical examples of the new working method suggested by the Commission Berx

The Masterplan 2020 mobility project in Antwerp area which foresees a.o. the construction of both:

- New highway A102 (drilled tunnel)
- Tunneling the R11 (the so called R11bis)
- Governor Berx was asked and designated as process facilitator on behalf of the Flemish government
- > A strong participative and interactive process was put in place
- All possible stakeholders were involved in a very early stage
- R11bis was dropped by the Flemish government: unacceptable impact, no proven added value, highly contested









Vlaanderen verbeelding werkt



Process structure of the A102/R11bis approach

Step 1: Plan EIA: investigating the consequences for the inhabitants, the environment, the space and mobility

Step 2: September 2013: Public consultation round: travelling info market in municipalities Mortsel, Merksem and Wijnegem in order to prepare the official consultation round

Step 3: 15/1/2014-15/2/2014: Notification file plans A102/R11bis: local authorities, organisations and associations: **600 involvement reactions were submitted to the EIA service**. Alternatives were listed and carefully studied

Step 4: Layout of the planEIA: first directives, 'funneling' report and examination of the proposed alternatives

Step 5: Thorough draft mobility study by Transport and Mobility Leuven. Main question: are the suggested alternatives sufficient to solve the structural congestion on the Antwerp Ring and to increase the viability in the eastern boarder of the city?

Preliminary conclusions: separation between local and longdistance traffic, priority to northern instead of southern connectivity of the Antwerp Ring.

http://www.poortoost.be/project/aanleg-a102-en-r11bis









The Decree on Complex Projects based upon the embedded conclusions and proposals of the Commission Berx

- 25th of April 2014: the Decree on Complex Projects was called in life
- **Implementation date**: 1st of March 2015
- The decree stipulates large and open participation and co-creation as a requisite to provide the necessary permits for a complex project via one integrated project.
- <u>http://www.complexeprojecten.be/</u>



Figuur 4: Impressie van de vallei van de Kleine Nete ter hoogte van een geplan overstromingsgebied, onderdeel van de coördinatieopdracht voor de vallei.

aarverslag coördinatieopdracht gouverneur - 2013 - Antwerpen







Vlaanderen verbeelding werkt



Appointment of the intendant

- Call for a tunnel complex is as old as the protest against the Oosterweelproject and the plea for alternatives
- 16th of December 2015: appointment of intendant Alexander D'Hooghe (MIT). Assignment → studying and implementing the 'hooding' of the entire Antwerp Ring

His concrete tasks?

- To draft an ambition note and support structure for the project
- To develop a viability concept for the area around the Ring
- To draw up a set of specifications for design teams
- To set up a sounding board in order to create a solid support infrastructure





Vlaanderen verbeelding werkt







The intendant: his results and selection of six international design teams

Publication of the ambition note after 10 months of consultation rounds with action groups and stakeholders

Selection of six international design teams:

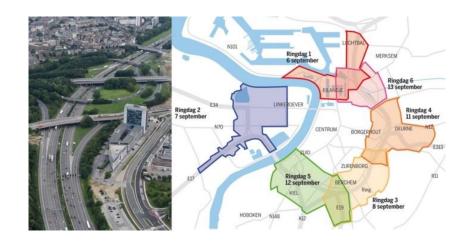
- 1. Zone North
- 2. Zone West
- 3. Zone South East
- 4. Zone East
- 5. Zone South
- 6. Zone North Fast

https://www.overdering.be/











The 'Toekomstverbond': a historic compromise for the Antwerp region

- Puts an end to years of political impasse
- A fresh proposal and solution for the mobility, viability and public health in the Antwerp region: the radical Haventracé & Oosterweel light
- Of urban, regional, Flemish and national importance
- Favours a modal shift 50/50, a covering-up of the entire Antwerp Ring and is a guarantee for longterm collaboration between action groups, authorities and stakeholders
- End of the procedures on behalf of the action groups (Ademloos, Ringland, StRaten-Generaal) at the Council of State
- Delivery of numerous permits
- 8th of February 2018: official launch of the Oosterweel works: groundbreaking ceremony on the left bank of the Scheldt (Linkeroever)





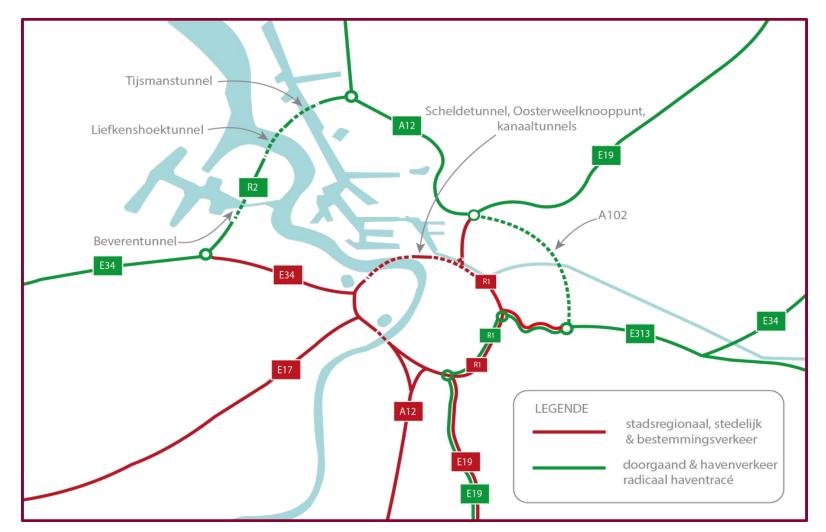
Vlaanderen verbeelding werkt







The 'Toekomstverbond': the radical Haventracé & Oosterweel light



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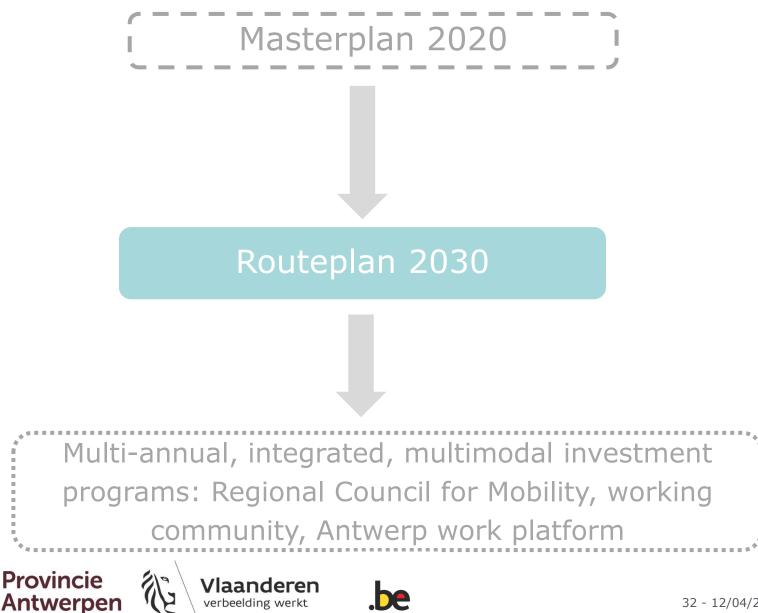
Vlaanderen

verbeelding werkt

Provincie

Antwerpen

Cooperation structure Routeplan 2030



verbeelding werkt

Creation of 4 workbanks

Implementation common goals 'Toekomstverbond' 2017 between citizens' movements and authorities:

- 1. Realisation of the tunneling complex
- 2. Realisation of the **modal shift**
- **3.** Rounding up the Ring with the Oosterweeljunction (local traffic)
- 4. Development of the radical Haventracé for harbor and long-distance traffic

Each goal of the 'Toekomstverbond' receives its own workbank in order to exchange knowledge and expertise

Main pullers of the 4 workbanks:

- 1. Intendant Alexander D'Hooghe
- 2. Jan Van Rensbergen (BAM)
- 3. Jan van Rensbergen (BAM)
- 4. Cathy Berx (governor)

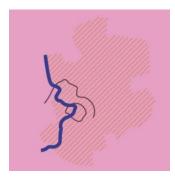












Approach workbank Haventracé

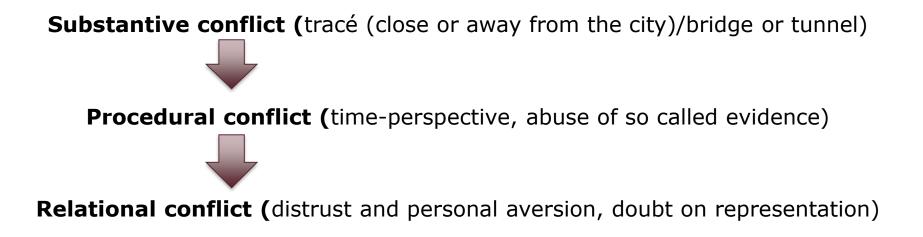
- Development of a radical Haventracé E34 (West) R2 A12 A102 E34 (east) to lead long-distance traffic away from the city.
- Traffic vision, enriched with spatial development to increase quality of life: integration of the tracé and a link/interface with public transport, park & rides and bicycle highways, more greenspace.
- Firm focus on **health effects**
- Former planning initiatives from the Haventracé like the E34/E313 and the A102/(R11bis) will be revised and updated.
- The Workbank Haventracé started in January 2018.
- Members: Governor Cathy Berx (president), representatives of the Flemish Government, provinces, North-Brabant, local authorities, action- and community groups, Port of Antwerp, VITO, VMM, chamber of commerce, other experts,...
- Open question list to be broadly informed







- Oosterweel: much bigger than Antwerp
- Symbol for complicated, strategic infrastructure projects
- New insights on conflict escalation:





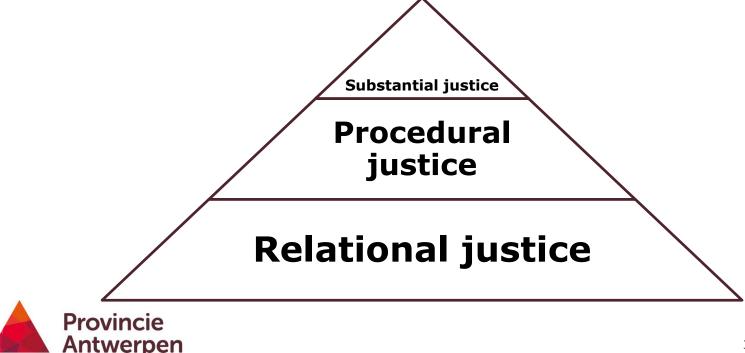
- **Reconside**r the notion of **'social support**' for complicated, strategic infrastructure projects.
- 'Social support' is a myth
- So called 'social support' is often a retorical instrument to legitimize unilateral governmental projects.
- Contemporary democracies count a lot of so called 'stand-by' publics that can become active or even virulent when their interests are at stake
- 'social support' can be very ephemeral
- 'social supports' can contradict each other



- Constructive conflicts are useful (Chantal Mouffe): engagement, broader perspective, more insights, knowledge, better solutions
- Constructive conflicts deal with fair distribution of the advantages and disadvantages of big infrastructure-projects
- Essence of the debate: how to realize a robust project that reinforces quality of life, increases the quality of public space, guarantees smooth, sustainable and safe traffic



- Better alternative for the concept of `social support':
- Fairness of justice→ the permanent effort to take into account the concerns of people seriously
- Three important dimensions of fairness/justice



>Civil participation 📫 flight of political responsibility

Participation getting back to the essence of politics: taking binding decisions on who gets what and when.

More democratic democracy

Appreciation for resistance helps to connect more people and stakeholders with public policy and decision-making

Richer and stronger parlementary democracy

Resistance is oxygen for politics



Questions or remarks? Thanks!